

Ancestral accounts of the Stimson, McBirney, & Dunbaugh families
Compiled and edited by P. D. Smith (an annotated bibliography)

Stimson Sources: Four Henrys and Appendices (76 pp.)

This book provides an introductory overview of Stimson ancestry, including brief biographies of Capt. Henry Bartlett Stimson (1884-1948), Rev. Dr. Henry Albert Stimson (1843-1936), Henry Clark Stimson (1813-1894), and Rev. Henry Bowen Stimson (1772-1851). Additional biographies of extended family members, along with portraits and a helpful genealogical chart, are included in the accompanying appendices.

Another Collection of Genealogical Stories, Fragments, and Ephemera (135 pp.)

This diverse collection features a variety of genealogical essays and materials, including scripts from web videos “A Stimson Saga” (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jwV-xnXPYfY>) and “William Peartree Smith and Elisha Boudinot: Committees of Correspondence” (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yAa-qg4v8mE>), essays on “Eliza Brady and the Men in her Life,” a chronology of Isabel McBirney Stimson’s grand-uncles during the Second Seminole War, and primary sources related to the founding of Stamford, Connecticut. Also included is an extensive list of ancestral officeholders.

Stimson Sources: Sermons and Essays (156 pp.)

As its title suggests, this book provides a small sampling of published writings by Rev. Dr. Henry Albert Stimson (1843-1936), Mrs. Henry Albert Stimson [née Alice Wheaton Bartlett] (1854-1937), and Rev. Dr. Samuel Colcord Bartlett (1817-1898), which cover a period from 1850 to 1912.

John Rice Jones (80 pp.)

This book reproduces W. A. Burt Jones’ 1889 biography of the Hon. John Rice Jones (1759-1824), a pioneering attorney in the highly politicized environment of territorial Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri. As a member of Missouri’s first Constitutional Convention, he was an extremely effective advocate for the legalization of human enslavement. An additional appendix includes correspondences with William Henry Harrison, Thomas Jefferson, James McHenry, and others. Includes a line of descent.

Committees of Correspondence: Collected Letters of William Peartree Smith and Elisha Boudinot (88 pp.)

This collection of letters, articles, and ephemeral documents generates a chronological outline, which traces the intersecting lives of founding patriots, the Hon. William Peartree Smith (1723-1801) and his son-in-law, the Hon. Elisha Boudinot (1749-1819) in the years before, during, and after America’s War for Independence. Correspondents include George Washington, Alexander Hamilton, John Adams, and others.

Stimson Sources: Fragmentary Sketches from the Late Seventeenth Century (152 pp.)

This collection of primary and secondary source materials features ancestral stories from the colonies of Massachusetts (Stimson, *et. al.*), New Amsterdam/New York (Litschoe, Peartree, and Smith), and Virginia (Ballard, Buckner, and Stith). Historical background events include King Philip’s War, English privateering, and Bacon’s Rebellion, along with some insights into the practices of indentured servitude and chattel slavery. Lines of descent are included.

Stimson Sources: Thomas Dudley’s Letter and Robert Pike, the New Puritan (276 pp.)

This book features a reproduction of Gov. Thomas Dudley’s (1576-1653) letter to the Countess of Lincoln, dated 1631, in which he describes his arrival in the New World, the founding of the colony of Massachusetts, and the harshness of that first winter. Also featured is a reprinting of James S. Pike’s 1879 biography of Robert Pike (1616-1706), entitled, “The New Puritan: New England 200 Years Ago, Some Account of the Life of Robert Pike, The Puritan Who Defended the Quakers, Resisted Clerical Domination, and Opposed the Witchcraft Prosecution.” Lines of descent are included.

Dunbaugh Sources: A Collection of Genealogical Fragments and Sketches (152 pp.)

This collection of primary documents traces the history of the Dunbaugh family, from Lieut. Jacob Dunbaugh’s (1779-1819) testimony in Aaron Burr’s treason trial, to Capt. Charles Cottesworth Pinckney’s (1812-1882) brief encounters with Abraham Lincoln before his migration west to Pueblo Colorado, to Frank Montgomery Dunbaugh’s (1856-1939) successful battles against New York’s powerful transportation monopolies, as a steamship entrepreneur.